

# HSSC CHEMISTRY

## SECTION – A (Marks 17)

Time allowed: 25 Minutes

Section – A is compulsory. All parts of this section are to be answered on this page and handed over to the Centre Superintendent. Deleting/overwriting is not allowed.

Do not use lead pencil.

حصہ اول لازمی ہے۔ اس کے جوابات اسی صفحہ پر دے کر ناظم مرکز کے حوالے کریں۔ کاٹ کر دوبارہ لکھنے کی اجازت نہیں ہے۔

لیڈ پنسل کا استعمال ممنوع ہے۔



ROLL NUMBER						

0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9	9

Version No.			
9	9	9	9

0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8
●	●	●	●

Answer Sheet No. \_\_\_\_\_

ہر سوال کے سامنے دیے گئے، کریکولم کے مطابق درست دائرہ کو پر کریں۔ Invigilator Sign. \_\_\_\_\_

Fill the relevant bubble against each question according to curriculum:

Candidate Sign. \_\_\_\_\_

Question	A	B	C	D	A	B	C	D
1. Suppose, a salt bridge is <b>NOT</b> used between the two half cells of a galvanic cell then the voltage will:	Decrease very slowly	Not change	Drop to zero	Become negative	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
2. If a magnesium ribbon is placed in aqueous solution of silver nitrate ( $AgNO_3$ )	$MgO$ is precipitated out	$NO_2$ will form	No reaction will occur	Silver is precipitated out	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
3. A substance that has a greater tendency to accept electrons, it will have a greater:	Reduction potential	Redox potential	EMF value	Oxidation potential	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
4. The mass percent of magnesium in a formula unit of magnesium oxide ( $MgO$ ) is:	30	40	60	20	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
5. The relative atomic mass of chlorine is 35.5. The mass of 2 moles of chlorine gas will be:	71g	35.5g	18.75g	142g	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
6. The mass of 1 mole of ammonia gas is 17g. Calculate the mass of 0.3 mole of ammonia.	1g	1.7g	5.1g	0.15g	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
7. The energy of 1 <sup>st</sup> orbit in hydrogen atoms is:	$-2.189 \times 10^{-18} J$	$-3.18 \times 10^{-18} J$	$3.18 \times 10^{-12} J$	$1.18 \times 10^{-18} J$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
8. The electronic configuration of carbon atom in its <b>excited</b> state is:	$1s^2, 2s^1, 2p^3$	$1s^1, 2s^0, 2p^5$	$1s^2, 2s^1, 2p^4$	$1s^2, 2s^2, 2p^2$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
9. The principle and azimuthal quantum number values for $2p$ orbitals are:	$n = 1, l = 2$	$n = 1, l = 0$	$n = 2, l = 0$	$n = 2, l = 1$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
10. The gas which is most ideal among the following at STP is:	$H_2S$	$H_2$	$NH_3$	$SO_2$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
11. Which one of the following molecules has dipole moment?	$BeF_2$	$H_2O$	$N_2$	$CH_4$	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
12. One of the following phenomena which involves the weakening of intermolecular attractive forces is:	Condensation	Crystallization	Evaporation	Freezing	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
13. The coordination number of each $Na^+$ in $NaCl$ crystal is:	6	8	12	4	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
14. The atomic ratio of both of the crystals, $NaCl$ and $CaO$ , is 1 : 1, such property is called:	Allotropy	Isomorphism	Polymorphism	Anisotropy	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
15. In a reversible reaction at equilibrium, if the concentration of any of the reactant is doubled, then the equilibrium constant would be:	Halved	Doubled	Unchanged	One fourth	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
16. When the air is bubbled through pure water, the pH is lowered from 7 to 5.6, which gas in the air is responsible for the change?	Carbon dioxide	Nitrogen	Oxygen	Argon	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
17. If 2g of $NaOH$ is present in 200ml of a solution, the molarity of this solution will be:	0.5	1	2	0.25	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

—GOOD LUCK—

### SUPPLEMENTARY TABLE

Atomic No	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Symbol	H	He	Li	Be	B	C	N	O	F	Ne	Na	Mg	Al	Si	P	S	Cl	Ar	K	Ca
Mass No	1	4	7	9	11	12	14	16	19	20	23	24	27	28	31	32	35.5	40	39	40